EPHESIANS' SETTING and PURPOSE

- 1. Paul's history with Ephesus
 - A. On his second missionary journey.
 - B. On his third missionary journey.
 - C. Paul's brief meeting with the Ephesian elders at Miletus.
 - D. Paul wrote Ephesians while under house arrest in Rome.
- 2. Ephesus' ______ with _____.
 - A. Asia: the richest and most peaceful province of the Empire.
 - B. Athenians founded Ephesus as a port city on a plain near the mouth of the Cayster River.
 - C. Worship of the goddess Diana permeated the life of the city.
 - D. Silversmiths found a lucrative trade in making and selling miniature silver images of Diana.
 - E. The city's theater, then the largest in the world, boasted a seating capacity of 25,000. See 19:23-41.
 - F. The Ephesians built a magnificent temple to her c. 700 BC. It was destroyed & rebuilt twice, the last ver. being the most magnificent. One of the "Seven Wonders of the Ancient World."
 - G. Invading Goths destroyed the 3rd temple to Diana in AD 262.
- 3. Paul's emphasis on life "in Christ".
 - A. Chapters 1-3: Doctrinal
 The doctrinal basis for believers' unity "in Christ".

The new ______ which God has given us in Christ (1:3-2:10)

The new ______ which God created thru Christ (2:11-3:21)

B. Chapters 4-6: Practical

What life in Christ looks like personally as well as interpersonally in the church, workplace, and home.

The new ______ which God expects of his new society, especially ______ and _____ (4:1-5:21).

The new ______ into which God has brought us harmony in the home and hostility to the devil (5:21-6:24).

PAUL'S PERSONAL GREETING (1:1, 2)

- 1. He recognized his ______ as God's will for his life.
- 2. He recognized his ______ as God's will for his life. See also Eph. 3:1; 4:1; Philemon 1, 9; and 2 Tim. 1:8
- "To the saints in Ephesus". NIV Text. Note: "Some early manuscripts do not have "in Ephesus". The book may have been intended as a circular letter to sev. churches, including the one in Ephesus.
- 4. "To the faithful (believers who are) in Christ Jesus".
 The adj. pistos can have either an active meaning (trusting; having faith; cp. Gal. 6:10) or a passive meaning (trustworthy; being faithful).
- 5. "Grace" was a common greeting among Greeks; "Peace" was a common greeting among Jews. Paul combined the words to show early on that both saved Gentiles and saved Jews were one "in Christ".

INTRODUCTION TO LIFE IN CHRIST (1:3-14)

"Praise be to the God & Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, who has blessed us in the heavenly realms with every spiritual blessing in Christ."

- 1. In Greek these twelve verses constitute a single complex sentence.
- The whole paragraph is a doxology, or "eulogy" for that is the wd. Paul uses: εὐλογέω eulogéō. He begins by blessing God for blessing us with every inconceivable blessing.
- 4. Some have detected in the whole passage (vss. 3-14) a trinitarian structure: Father (vss. 4-6); Son (vss. 7-12); & Spirit (vss. 13-14).
- 5. Paul adds to his adj. "spiritual" the clause "in the heavenlies".